

# Practicé - Test 1

$$3. \quad \frac{(x^4 y^5)^{-1/4}}{x y^{5/4}} = \frac{1}{(x^4 y^5)^{1/4}}$$

$\frac{4}{1} \cdot \frac{1}{4} = 1 \quad \frac{5}{1} \cdot \frac{1}{4} = \frac{5}{4}$

$$4. \quad \left( \frac{-9 s^7 t^{-2}}{9 s^5 t} \right)^{-2} = \left( \frac{-1 s^2}{t^3} \right)^{-2}$$
$$\left( \frac{-1 t^3}{s^2} \right)^2$$
$$\frac{t^6}{s^4}$$
$$\left( -1 s^2 t^{-3} \right)^{-2}$$
$$(-1)^{-2} s^{-4} t^6$$
$$\frac{t^6}{s^4}$$

$$11. \quad g(a+h)$$

$$g(x) = -x^2 - 4x + 7$$

$$\begin{aligned} g(a+h) &= -(a+h)^2 - 4(a+h) + 7 \\ &= -(a^2 + 2ah + h^2) - 4a - 4h + 7 \\ &= -a^2 - 2ah - h^2 - 4a - 4h + 7 \end{aligned}$$

$$15. \quad \left( \frac{3t^3}{-4u^6} \right) \left( \frac{-3u^3}{t^6} \right) = + \frac{9}{4t^3 u^3}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 19. \quad 3v^3 + 3 &= 3(v^3 + 1) \\ &= 3(v+1)(v^2 - v + 1) \end{aligned}$$

$$21. \quad -20q^3 - 57q^2 - 40q$$

$$-q(20q^2 + 57q + 40)$$

$$-q[20q^2 + 32q + 25q + 40]$$

$$-q[4q(5q+8) + 5(5q+8)]$$

$$-q(4q+5)(5q+8)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 800 \\ \hline 1,800 \\ \vdots \\ 20,40 \\ \hline 32,25 \\ 35, \end{array}$$

22.

$$\frac{3y}{xy} + \frac{3x}{yx}$$

$$\frac{x \cdot 2}{xy^2} - \frac{4y^2}{xy^2}$$

$$\frac{3y + 3x}{xy}$$


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$$\frac{2x - 4y^2}{xy^2}$$

$$\frac{3x + 3y}{\cancel{xy}} \cdot \frac{\cancel{xy}}{2x - 4y^2} = \frac{y(3x + 3y)}{2x - 4y^2}$$

$$24. \quad \frac{\frac{6a}{a^2-b^2} + \frac{b}{a+b}}{\frac{3}{a-b}}$$

$$\frac{\frac{6a}{(a+b)(a-b)} + \frac{b(a-b)}{(a+b)(a-b)}}{\frac{3}{a-b}} = \frac{\frac{6a + b(a-b)}{(a+b)(a-b)}}{\frac{3}{a-b}}$$

$$\frac{6a + ab - b^2}{(a+b)\cancel{(a-b)}} \cdot \frac{\cancel{a-b}}{3} = \frac{6a + ab - b^2}{3(a+b)}$$

$$35. \quad f(x) = \frac{5}{x^2 - 16}$$

$$x^2 - 16 \neq 0$$

$$\text{dom}(x) : x \neq 4, -4$$

$$x^2 \neq 16$$

$$\text{ran}(y) : y \neq 0$$

$$x = 4, -4$$

$$33. \quad g(s) = 7s + 9$$

$$g(-.4) = 7(-.4) + 9$$

$$= -2.8 + 9$$

$$= 6.2$$

$$29. \quad \frac{1}{2} + \frac{x}{7} = \frac{9}{14}$$

14x

$$\frac{(7x)1}{(7x)2} + \frac{x(2x)}{7(2x)} = \frac{9x}{14x}$$

$$\frac{14x}{1} \left[ \frac{7x}{14x} + \frac{2x^2}{14x} \right] = \left[ \frac{9x}{14x} \right] \frac{14x}{1}$$

$$7x + 2x^2 = 9x$$

$$2x^2 - 2x = 0$$

$$2x(x-1) = 0$$

~~$$2x = 0$$
$$x = 0$$~~

$$x-1 = 0$$
$$x = 1$$

$$9. \quad (-8x-3)^2 = (-8x-3)(-8x-3)$$

$$64x^2 + \underline{24x} + 24x + 9$$

$$64x^2 + 48x + 9$$