

Solution to Problem E 3392  
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**The Area of a Pedal of a Pedal Triangle**

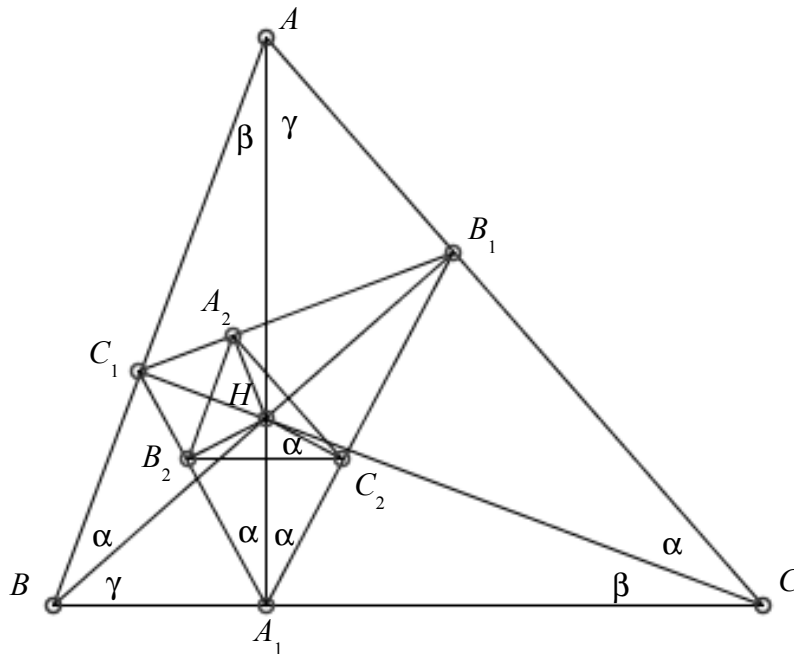
**E 3392** *Proposed by Antal Bege, Miercurea-Ciuc, Romania.*

Given an acute-angled triangle  $ABC$  with orthocenter  $H$ , let  $A_1, B_1, C_1$  be the feet of the altitudes from  $A, B, C$ , respectively, and let  $A_2, B_2, C_2$  be the feet of the perpendiculars from  $H$  onto  $B_1C_1, C_1A_1, A_1B_1$ , respectively. Prove that

$$\text{area}(\Delta ABC) \geq 16\text{area}(\Delta A_2B_2C_2)$$

and determine when equality holds.

SOLUTION:



The orthocenter of an acute angled triangle is the incenter of its orthic triangle. Thus  $HA_2 = HB_2 = HC_2 = r$ ,  $\alpha + \beta + \gamma = 90^\circ$ ,  $\Delta ABC \sim \Delta A_2B_2C_2$ .

Repeated use of the law of sines yields

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta HB_2C_2 &\Rightarrow \frac{B_2C_2}{\sin(180 - 2\alpha)} = \frac{r}{\sin \alpha} \Rightarrow B_2C_2 = 2r \cos \alpha \\ \Delta ABC &\Rightarrow \frac{BC}{\sin(\beta + \gamma)} = \frac{AB}{\sin(\alpha + \beta)} \Rightarrow BC = \frac{AB \cos \alpha}{\cos \gamma} \\ \Delta ABH &\Rightarrow \frac{AB}{\sin(180 - \alpha - \beta)} = \frac{BH}{\sin \beta} \Rightarrow AB = \frac{BH \cos \gamma}{\sin \beta}\end{aligned}$$

By right triangle trigonometry,

$$BH = \frac{A_1H}{\sin \gamma} \text{ and } A_1H = \frac{r}{\sin \alpha}$$

Repeated substitution gives us

$$\frac{BC}{B_2C_2} = \frac{1}{2 \sin \alpha \sin \beta \sin \gamma}.$$

Therefore

$$\text{area}(\Delta ABC) = \left( \frac{1}{2 \sin \alpha \sin \beta \sin \gamma} \right)^2 \cdot \text{area}(\Delta A_2B_2C_2).$$

Since  $\alpha, \beta, \gamma$  are acute angles, we can use the inequality on arithmetic and geometric means to get the following:

$$\sin \alpha \sin \beta \sin \gamma \leq \left( \frac{\sin \alpha + \sin \beta + \sin \gamma}{3} \right)^3$$

with equality if and only if  $\sin \alpha = \sin \beta = \sin \gamma$ . However this implies that  $\alpha = \beta = \gamma = 30^\circ$ .

$$\sin \alpha \sin \beta \sin \gamma \leq \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}}{3} \right)^3 = \frac{1}{8}$$
$$\frac{1}{\sin \alpha \sin \beta \sin \gamma} \geq 8$$

Dividing both sides by 2 and squaring yields the desired result.