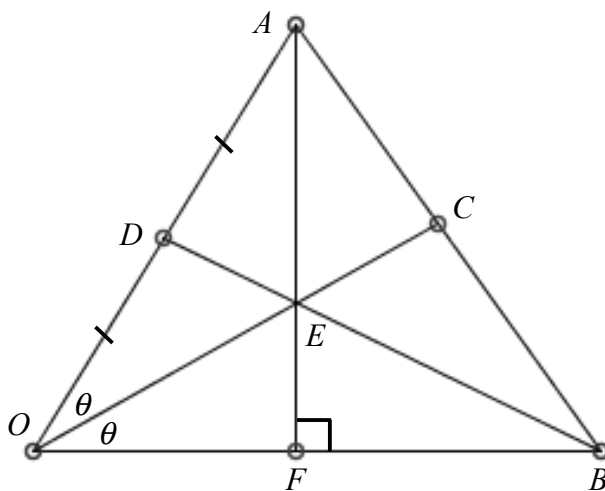


A Triangle with Concurrent Median, Altitude, and Angle Bisector

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Characterize those triangles such that the angle bisector from one vertex, the median from a second vertex and the altitude from the third vertex are concurrent.



SOLUTION

Choose O as an origin. We will use a vector approach. Let $|\vec{a}| = |\overrightarrow{OA}| = a$, $|\vec{b}| = |\overrightarrow{OB}| = b$. The position vector for the angle bisector from O is given by

$$\vec{c} = \frac{b\vec{a} + a\vec{b}}{a + b}$$

The median is $\overrightarrow{BD} = \vec{d} - \vec{b} = \frac{1}{2}\vec{a} - \vec{b}$.

Now we generate the position vector to the point E . Since $\vec{d} = (1/2)\vec{a}$, we get

$$\vec{c} = \frac{2b\vec{d} + a\vec{b}}{a + b}$$

$$\left(\frac{a + b}{a + 2b}\right)\vec{c} = \frac{2b\vec{d} + a\vec{b}}{a + 2b} = \vec{e}$$

We want $\overrightarrow{AE} \perp \vec{b}$ or $(\vec{e} - \vec{a}) \cdot \vec{b} = 0$. Thus

$$\left(\frac{b\vec{a} + a\vec{b}}{a + 2b} - \vec{a}\right) \cdot \vec{b} = 0$$

$$(a\vec{b} - (a + b)\vec{a}) \cdot \vec{b} = 0$$

$$(a + b)\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = ab^2$$

$$ab \cos 2\theta = \frac{ab^2}{a + b}$$

$$\cos 2\theta = \frac{b}{a + b}$$

Therefore, if the angle bisector from O , altitude from A and median from B are concurrent then the triangle is described by sides a and b and included angle of

$$2\theta = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{b}{a + b}\right)$$